

LifeWatch Sampling Surveys



Macrobenthos sampling, preservation and processing protocol







Collect sediment from deck platform

Sediment on the sieve table

- 1) The crew will handle the Van Veen grab.
- 2) If the grab hits the bottom, register start and end of Van Veen action in MIDAS
- 3) No water or sediment may be lost! Make sure to place the 20L bucket at the exit of the deck platform before the Van Veen arrives here.
- 4) If the Van Veen grab is at the surface, take a 50mm core tube subsample for granulometry analysis from the small sampling port in the Van Veen grab (label this sample!)
- 5) The crew opens the grab.

platform

- 6) **Rinse the inside of the grab with water,** all water should be collected.
- 7) Collect sediment into the bucket. Make sure to wash the grab with water AND to collect this water as well (see figure).

Take 3 replica's, one replica per bucket.

- 8) Transport bucket to 1mm table sieve with perforated pores.
- 9) Gently wash away sediment smaller then 1mm. Make sure not to splash around.
- 10) Put sieved sample into a small (ϕ 20cm) perforated sieve and bring it inside.
- 11) Using a spoon, you can transfer everything from the small sieve into a recipient (generally around 1L)
- 12) Add formol diluted to a 6% solution; if the sample contains a lot of water dilute to 8-10%
- 13) Label containers with Macro VLIZ Date Station Replica, and put a second label in the recipient in pencil because ethanol/formal will erase the ink labelling!
- 14) In the lab, after fixation, formol will be replaced by 70% ethanol. Further lab procedure includes staining with Rose Bengal, and supervised sorting of detritus and living animals.

	On board	On land	Partner laboratory
Macrobenthos	room temperature, 7% formol	storage room, MSO	Bioarchive VLIZ