

A bird's eye view onto GPS tracking

a decade of gull tagging along the Flemish and Dutch coast




LifeWatch
BELGIUM
Biodiversity Day
28/10/2021

A bird's eye view onto GPS tracking a decade of gull tagging along the Flemish and Dutch coast





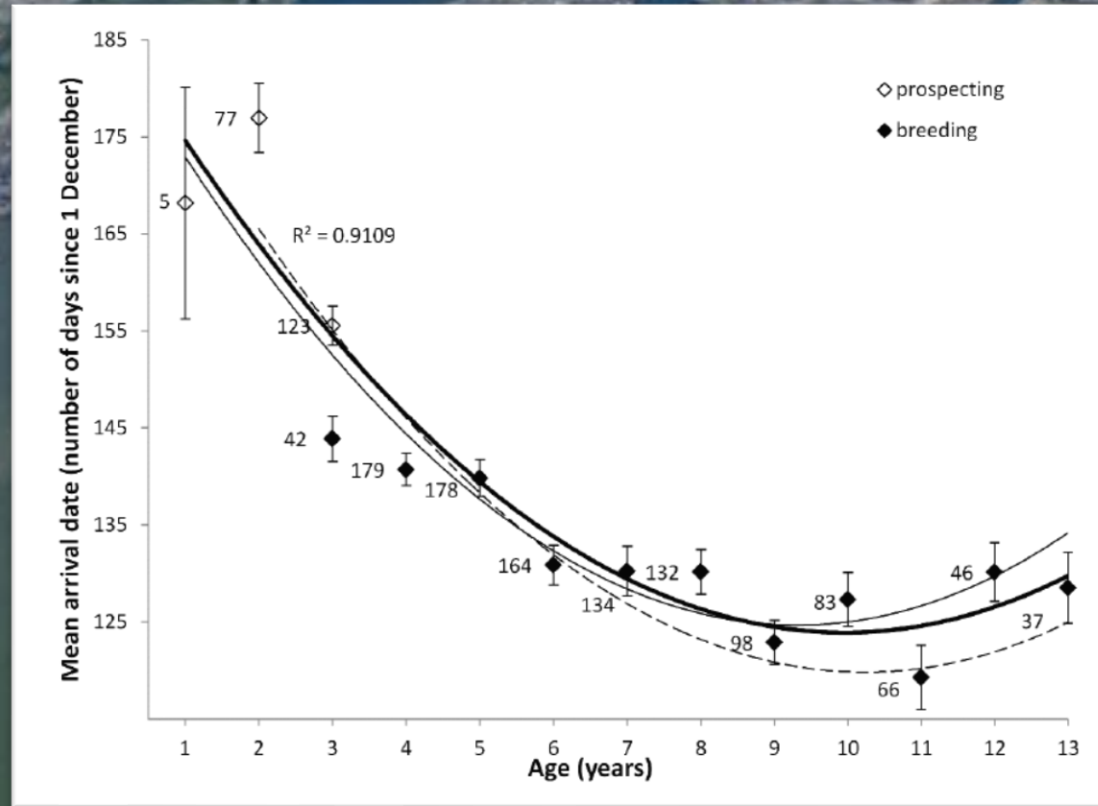
- Generalist species
- Exploit anthropogenic resources
- Benefit from global change



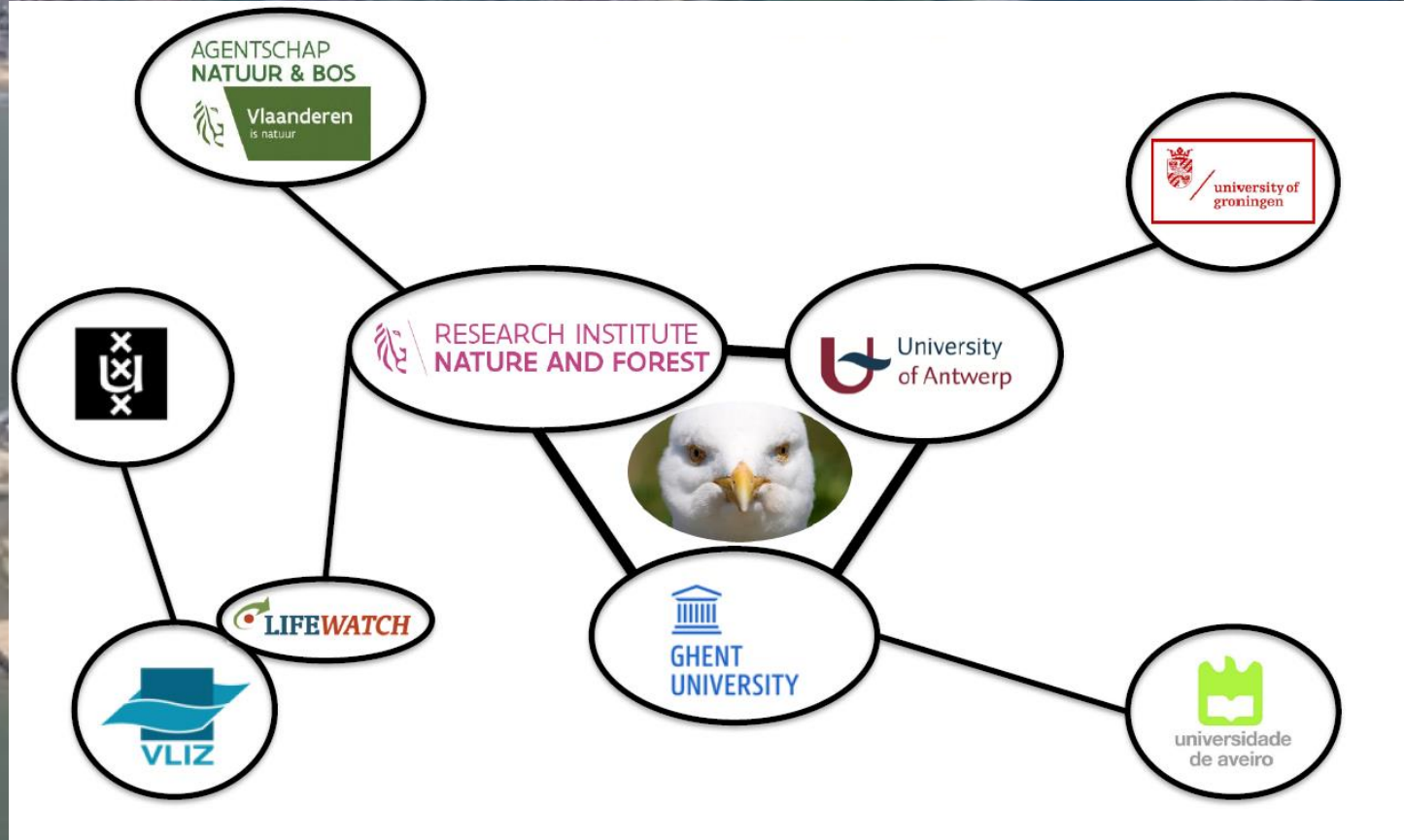
- Easy to observe
- Easy to access nests and handle chicks
- Pronounced personalities
- Long-lived species with high site fidelity



Photo Gallery / Vlaams Instituut voor de Zee (VLIZ)



Bosman et al. 2013, Plos ONE





+15 billion GPS locations and annotated data

Photo Gallery / Vlaams Instituut voor de Zee (VLIZ)

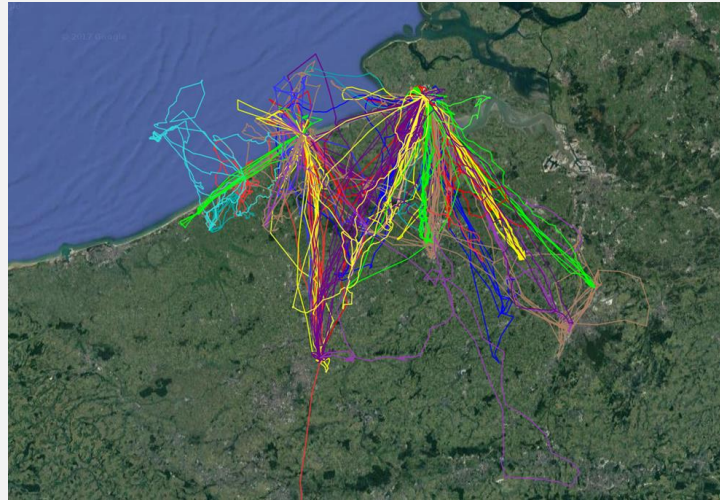
NGAT



Deciphering the ecological code

In recent years, large-scale scientific initiatives have spurred the development of affordable lightweight tracking devices such that movement data are now collected in unprecedented quantities for a huge variety of species. Yet, appropriate tools to exploit the full potential of these tracking data are lagging behind.

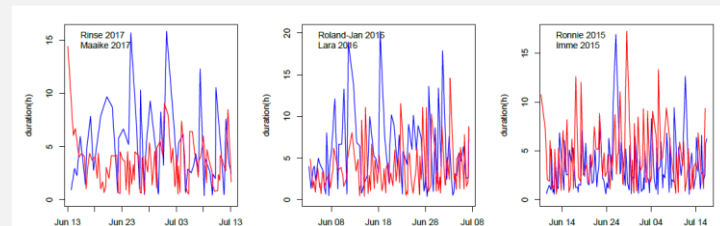
Deciphering the ecological code



- To go beyond the analysis of basic time-integrated parameters.

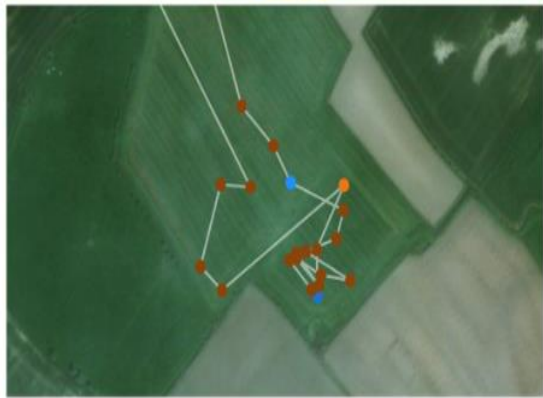
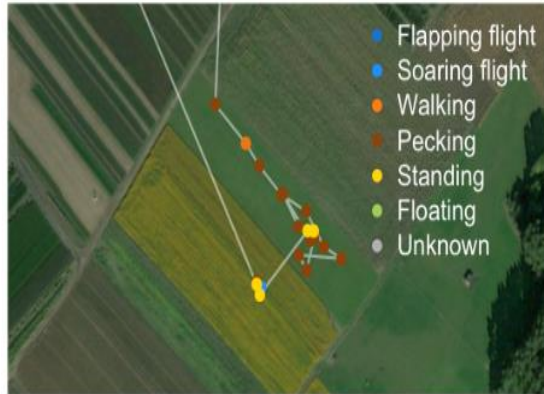


- To better exploit the full potential of high resolution data streams.



Deciphering the ecological code

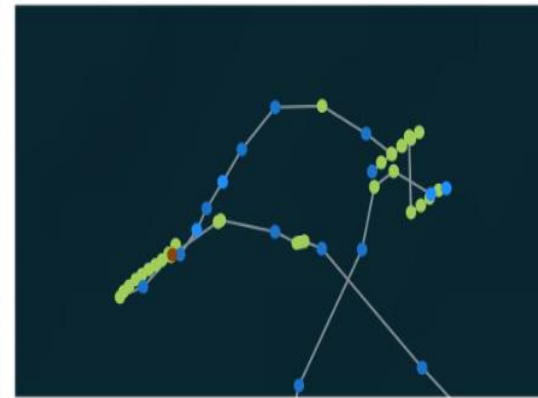
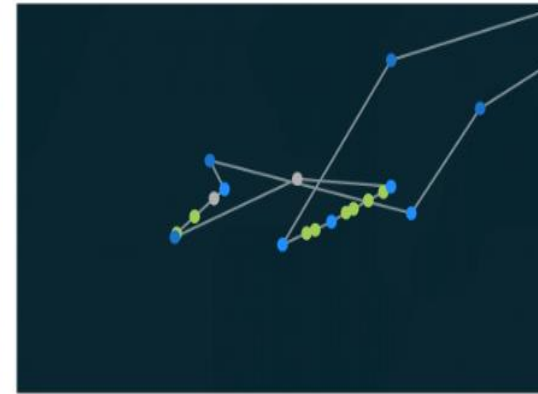
Agricultural habitats



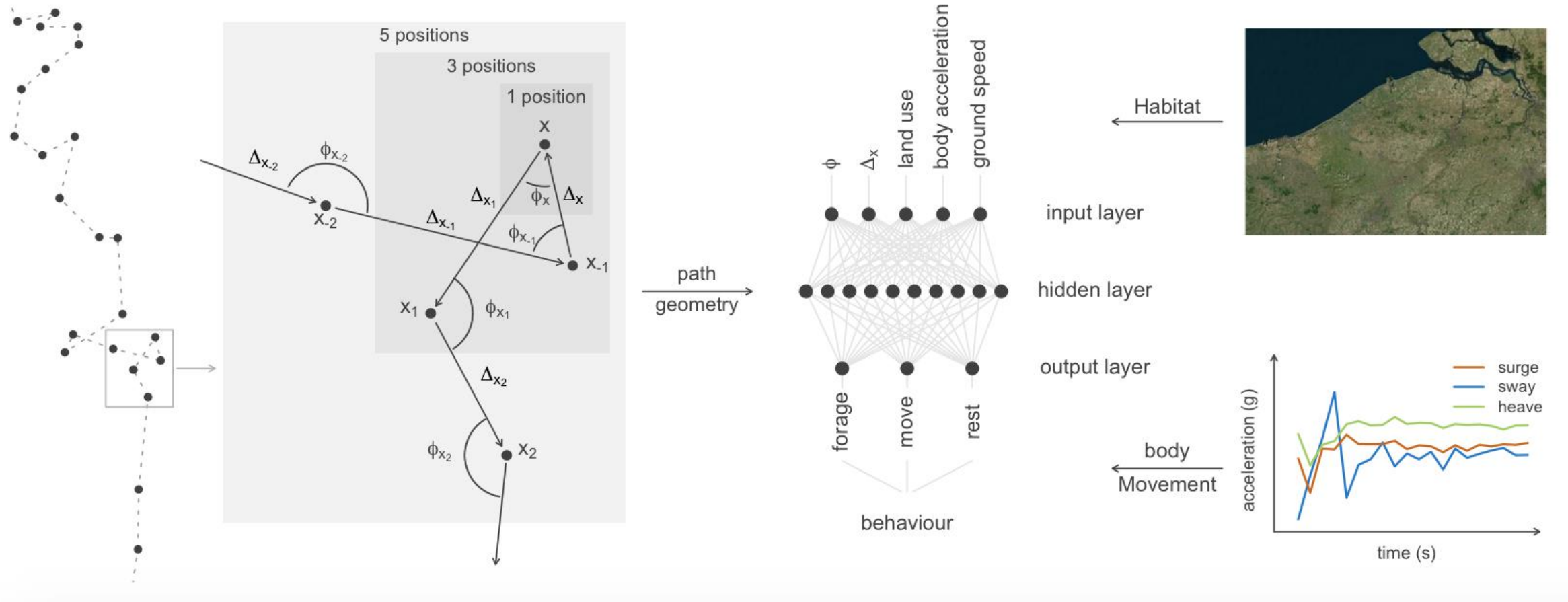
Urban and industrial habitats



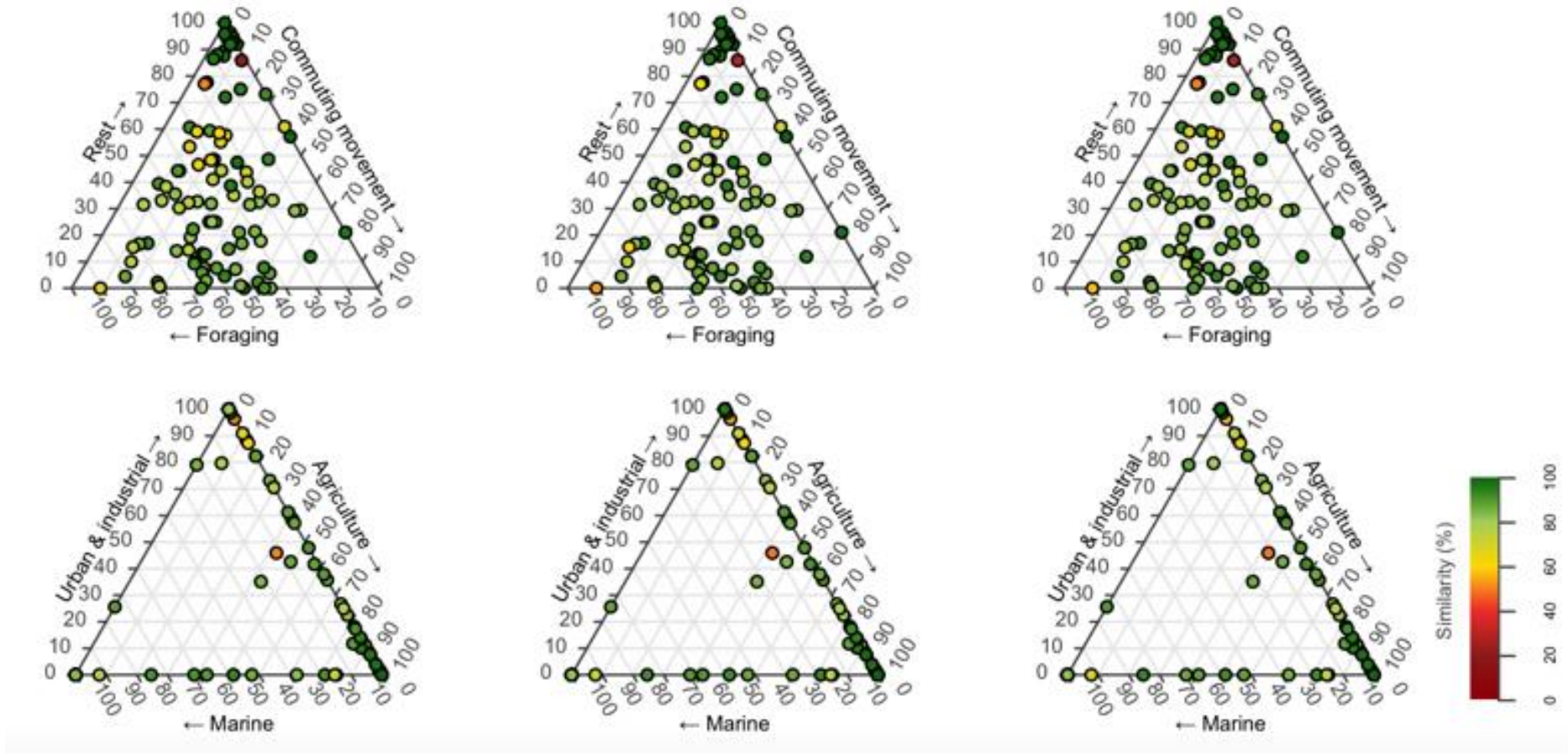
Marine habitats



Deciphering the ecological code



Deciphering the ecological code



Baert et al. unpubl. data

GPS tracking and life history concepts

GPS tracking and life history concepts

Towards individual fitness landscapes

- Migration
- Parental Care

- Optimal foraging
- Ontogeny: nature and nurture



GPS tracking and life history concepts

Towards individual fitness landscapes

- Migration
 - Adjusting migratory behavior (in times of global change)
- Parental care
 - How do breeding partners coordinate the feeding of their offspring?
- Optimal foraging
 - Generalists versus specialists: does spatio-temporal consistency in foraging matter?
- Ontogeny: nature and nurture
 - Sources of variation in consistent adult behaviour

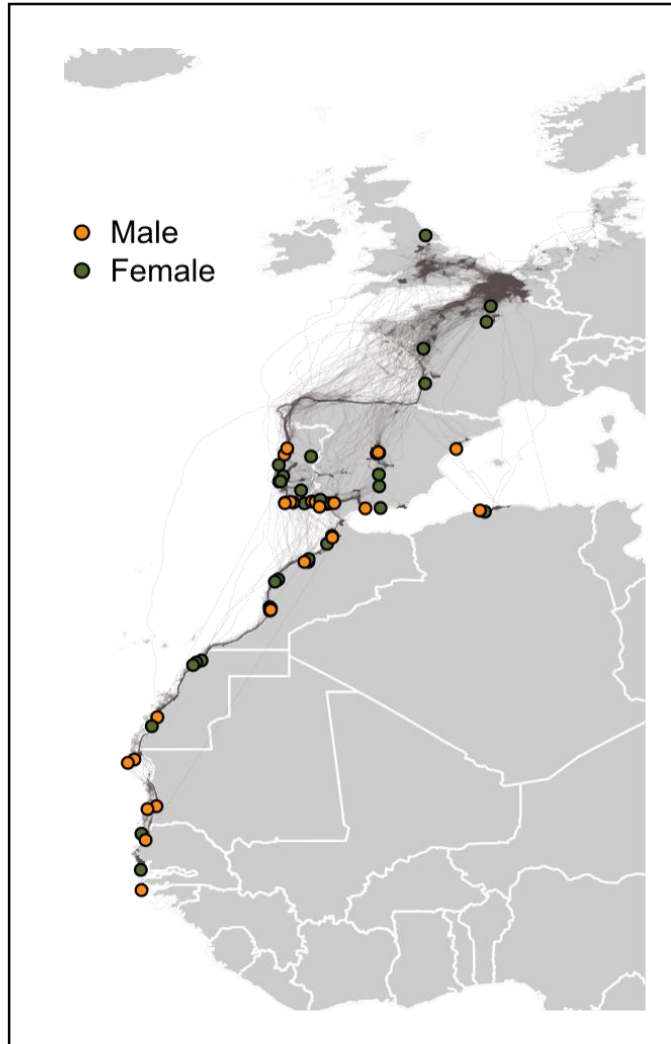


Migration



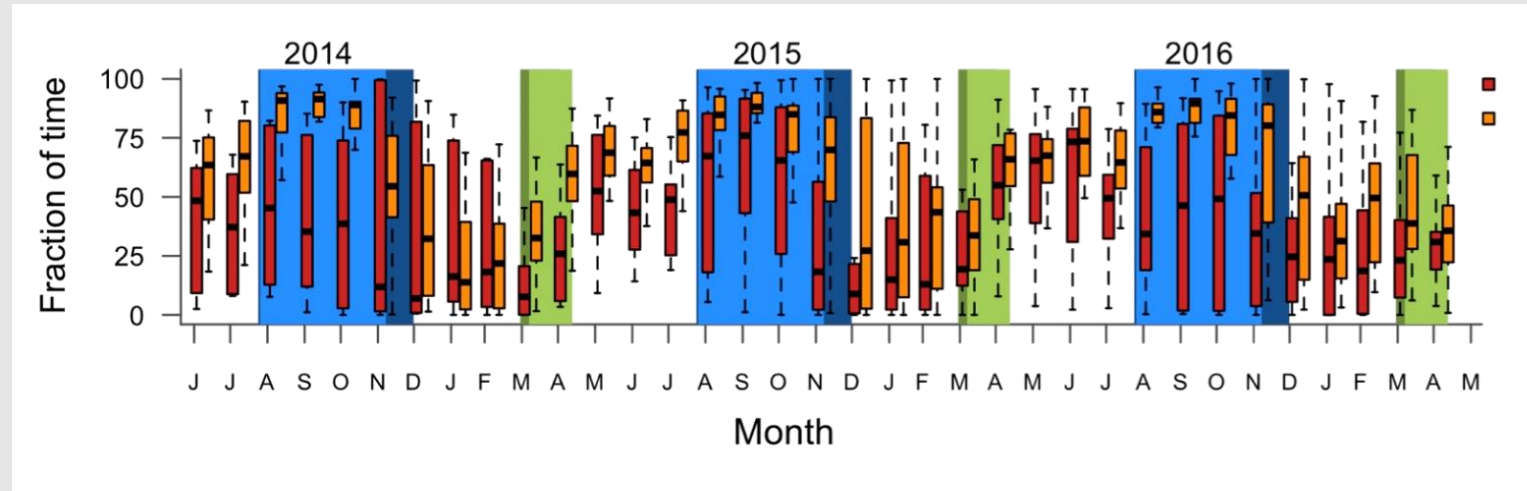
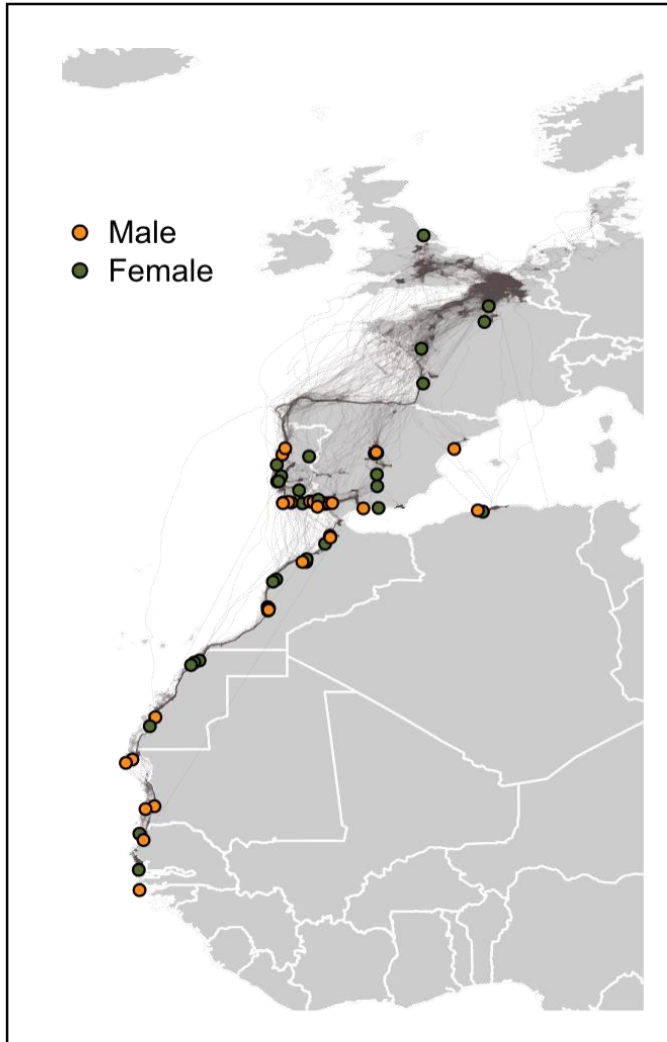


Migration





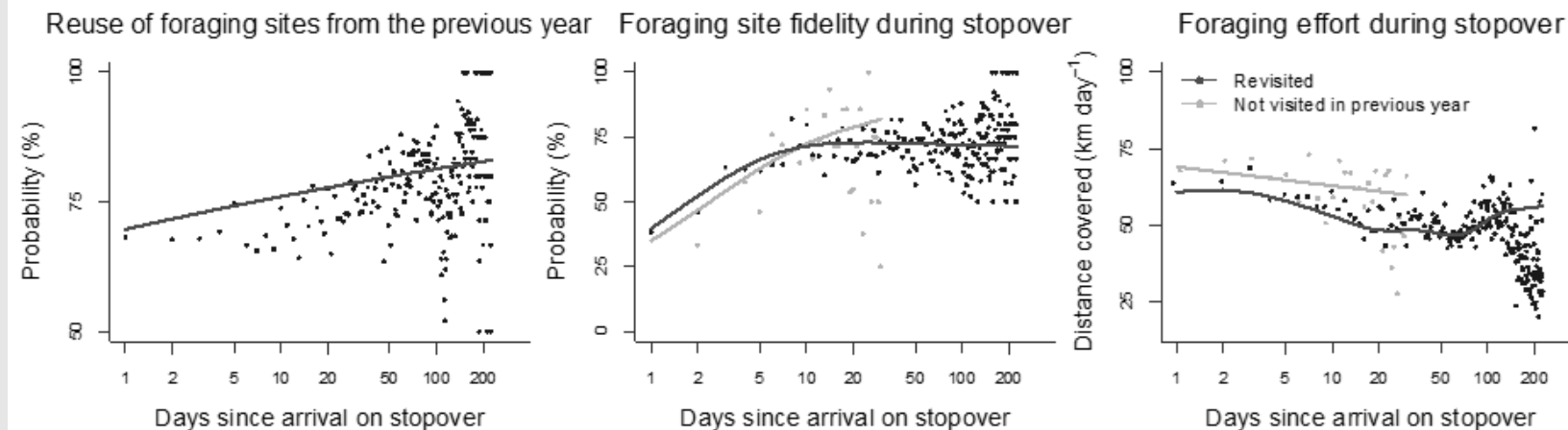
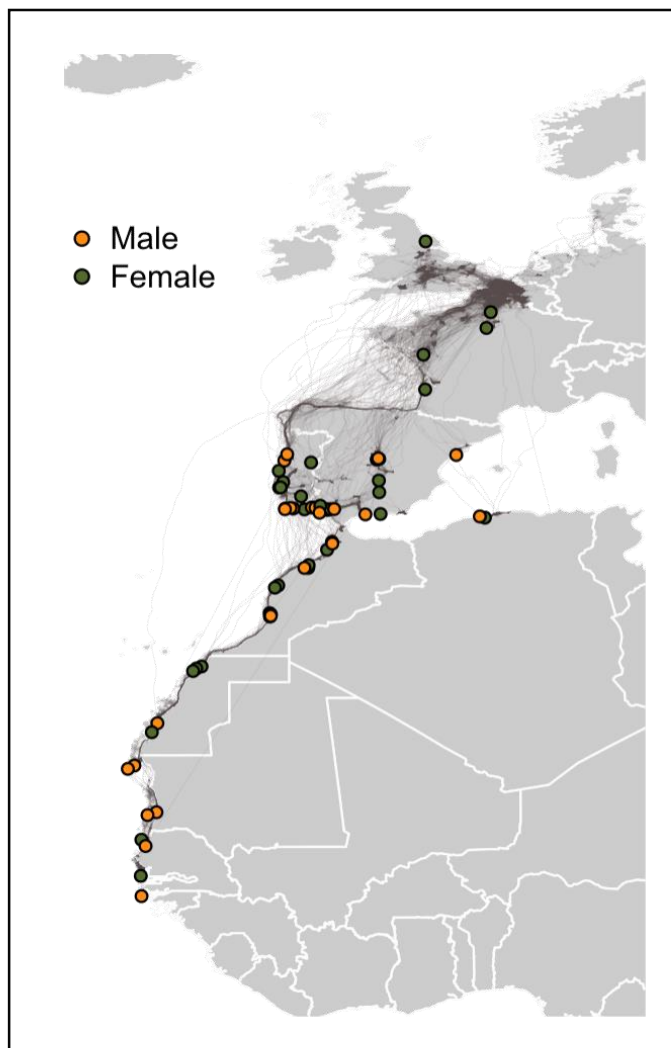
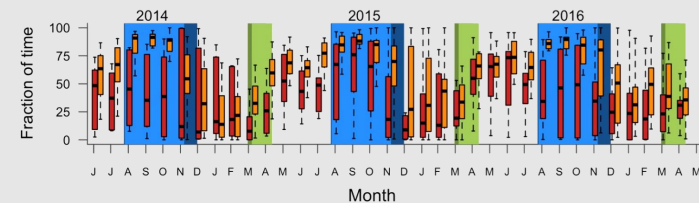
Migration



Females and males differ in their habitat requirements during migration



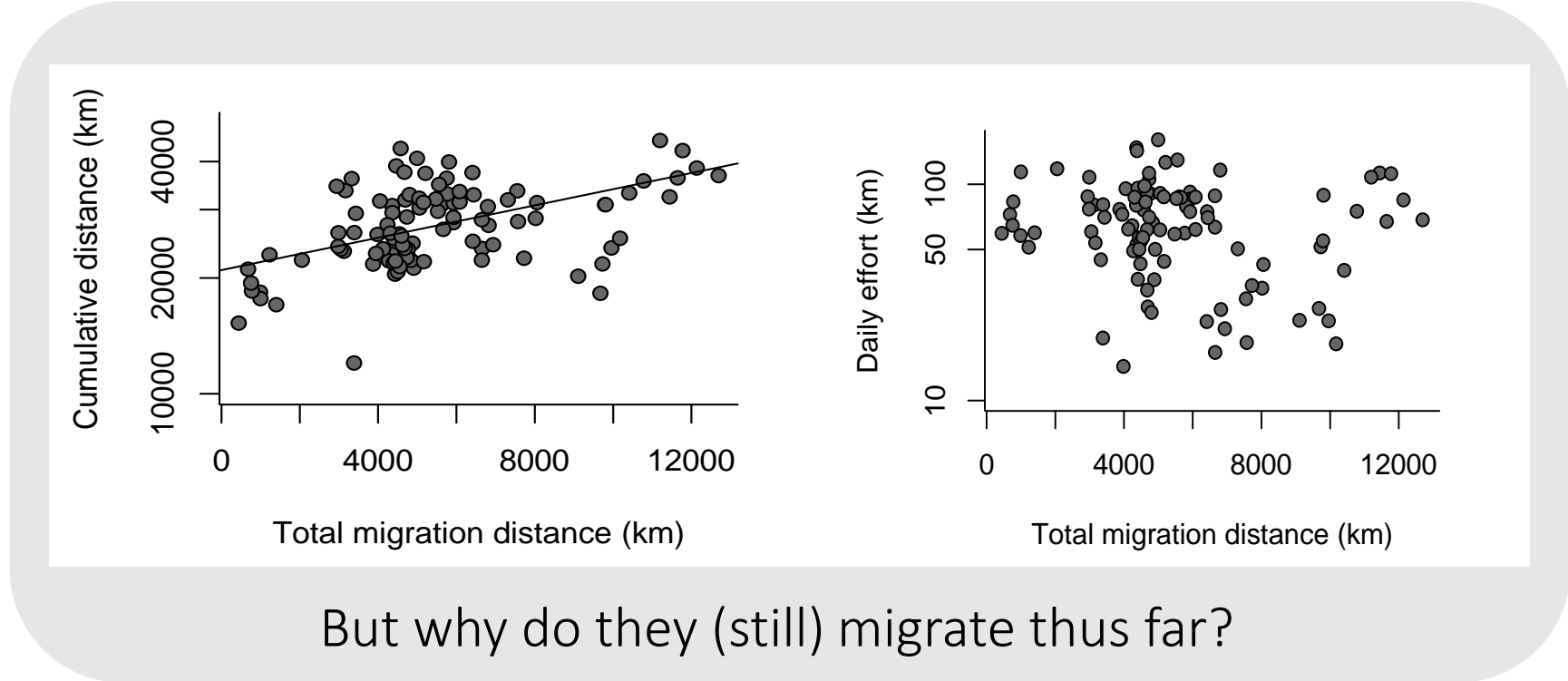
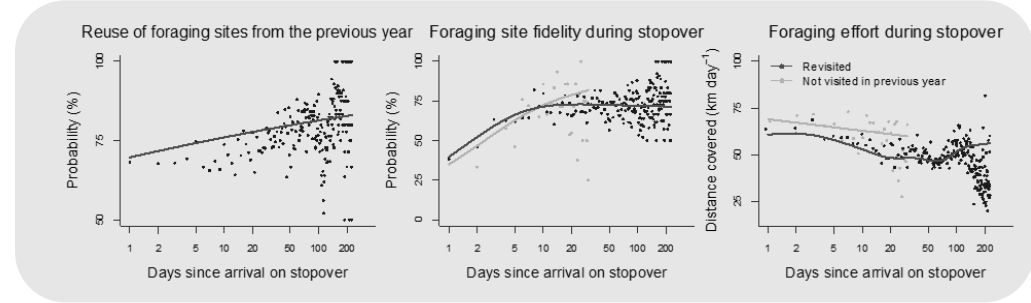
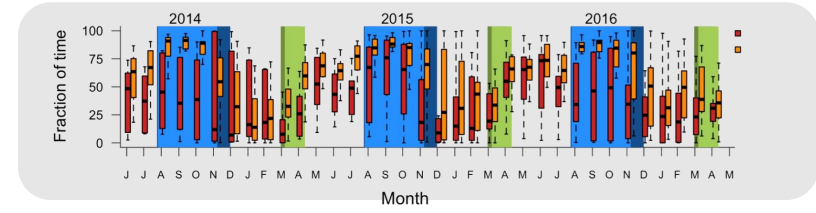
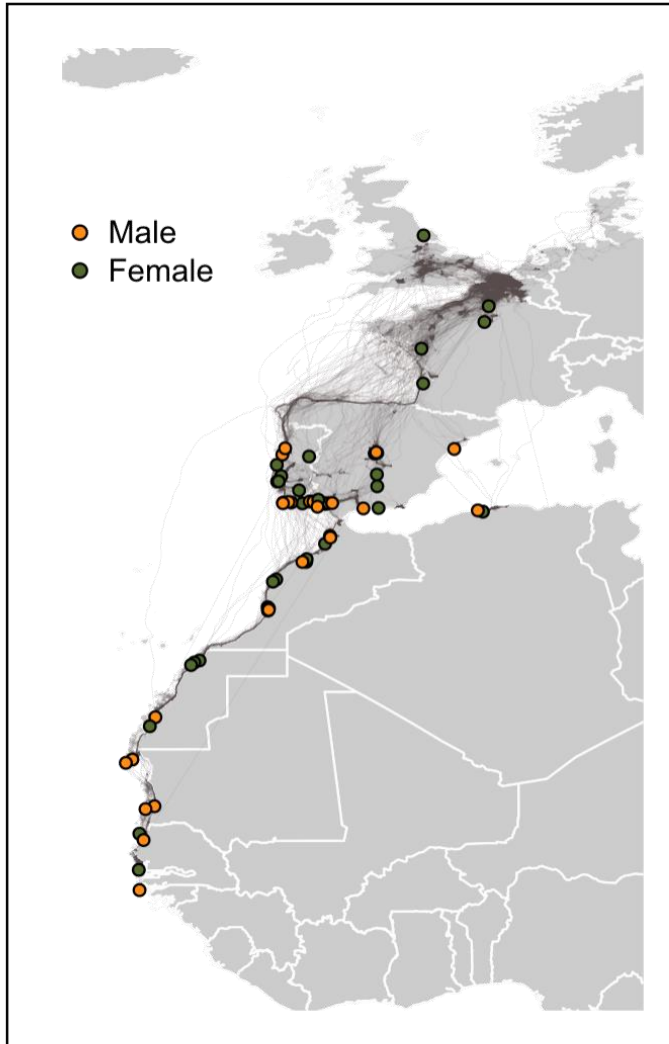
Migration



Gulls rely on spatio-temporal knowledge of stopover to optimize migration



Migration



GPS tracking and life history concepts

Towards individual fitness landscapes

- Migration
- Parental Care

- Optimal foraging
- Ontogeny: nature and nurture



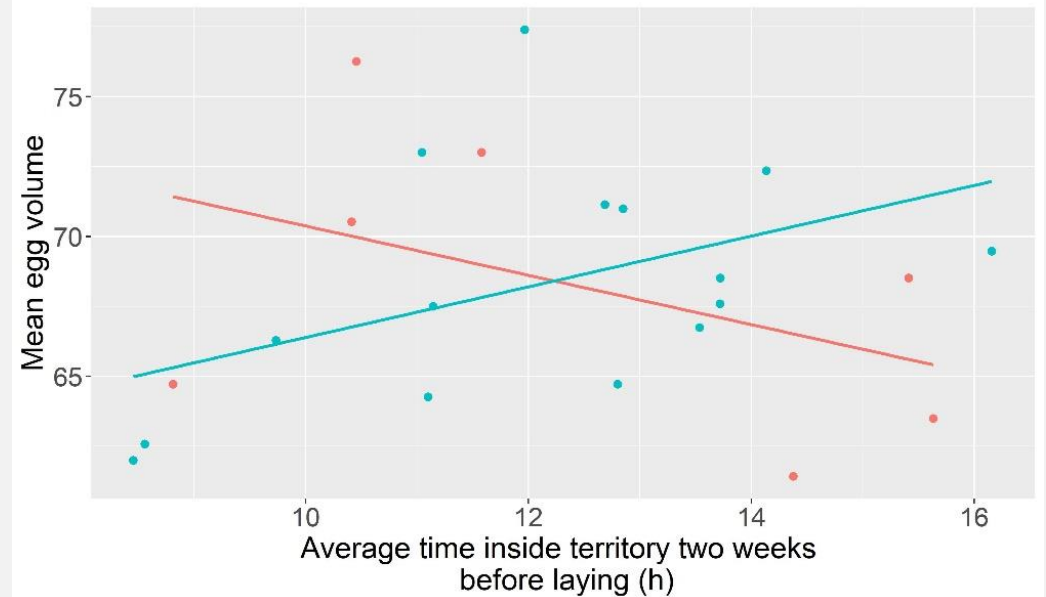
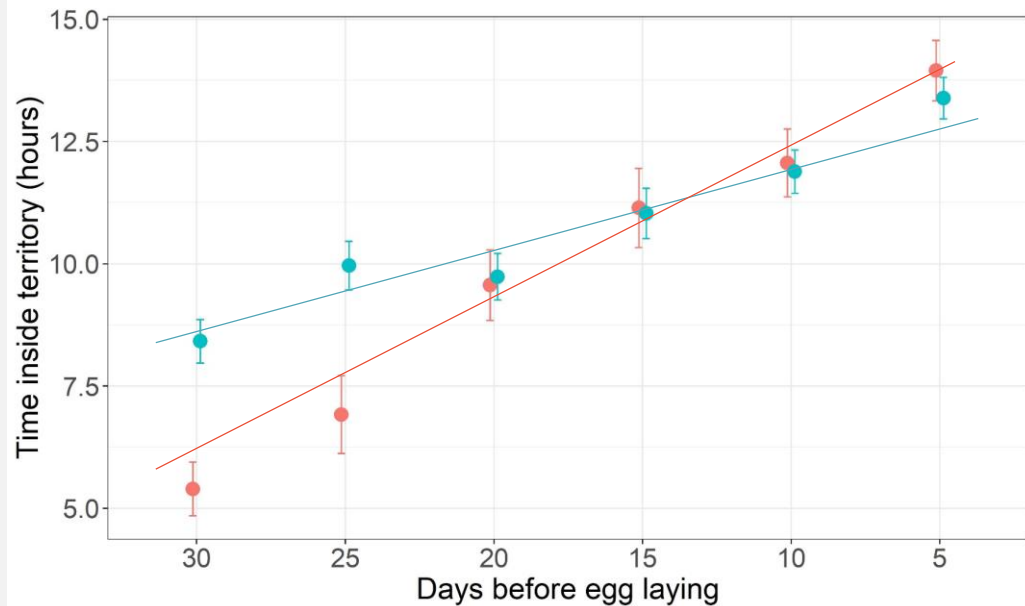


Exploring trade-offs during reproduction





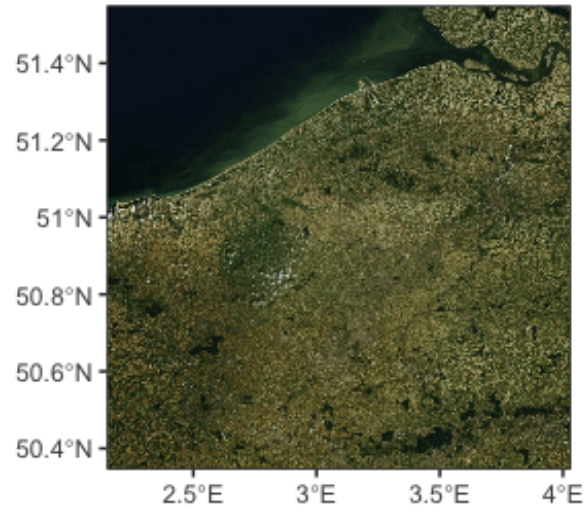
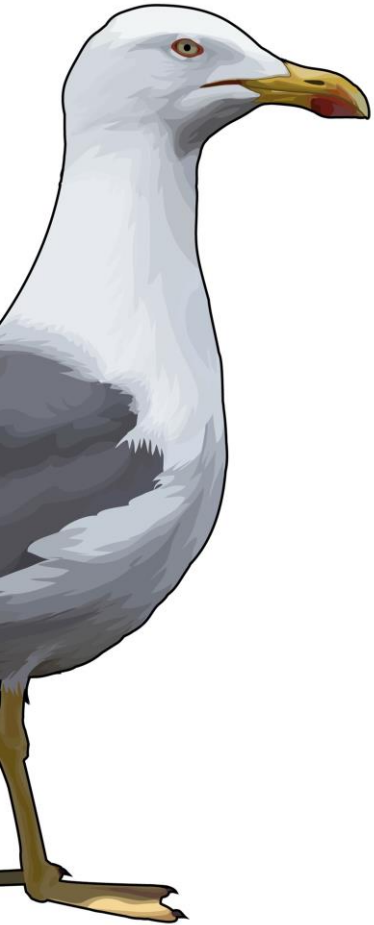
Exploring trade-offs during reproduction



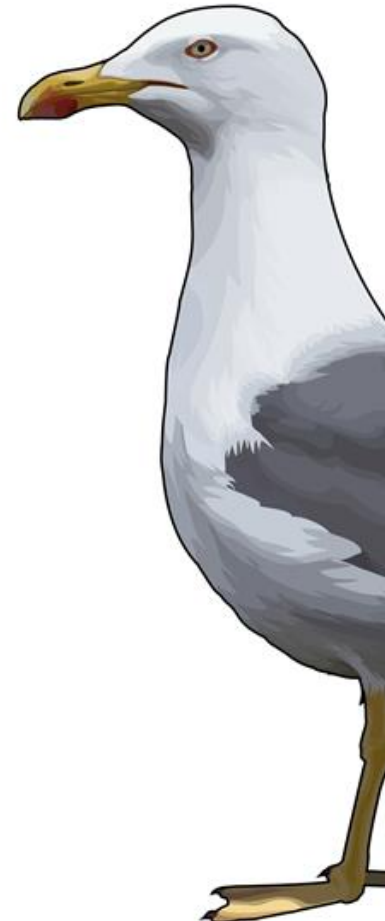
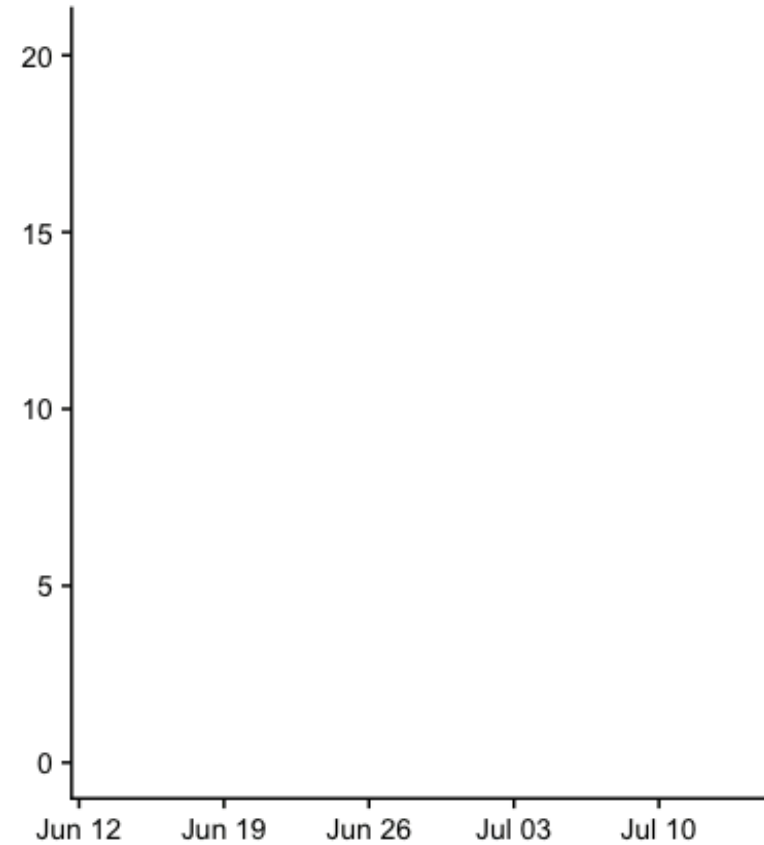
Birds spending more time inside their territory can forage less, which comes at a reproductive cost



The coordination of parental care



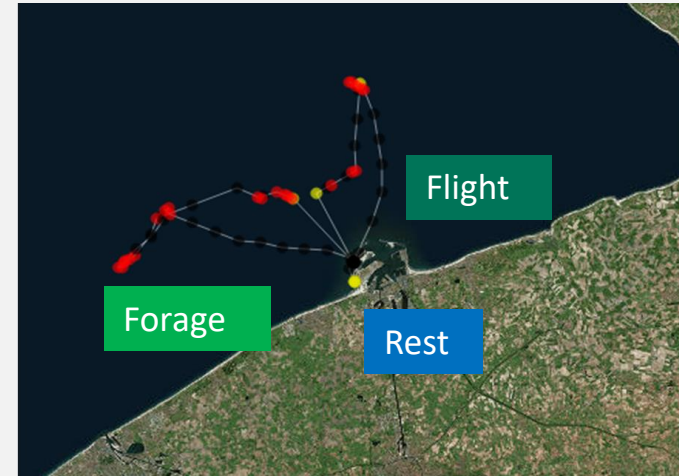
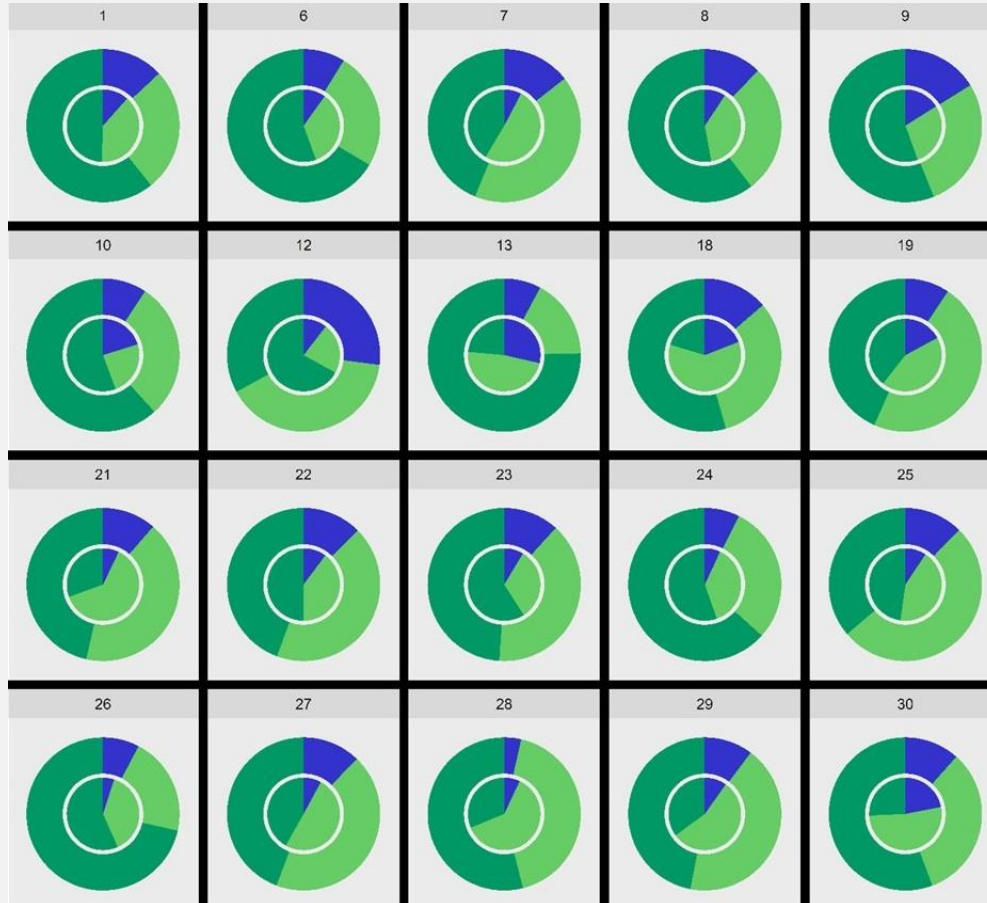
Trip duration (h)



Partners do not co-adjust their foraging effort from trip to trip



The coordination of parental care



Individuals are most similar to their partner

Coordinated pairs have higher reproductive success

GPS tracking and life history concepts

Towards individual fitness landscapes

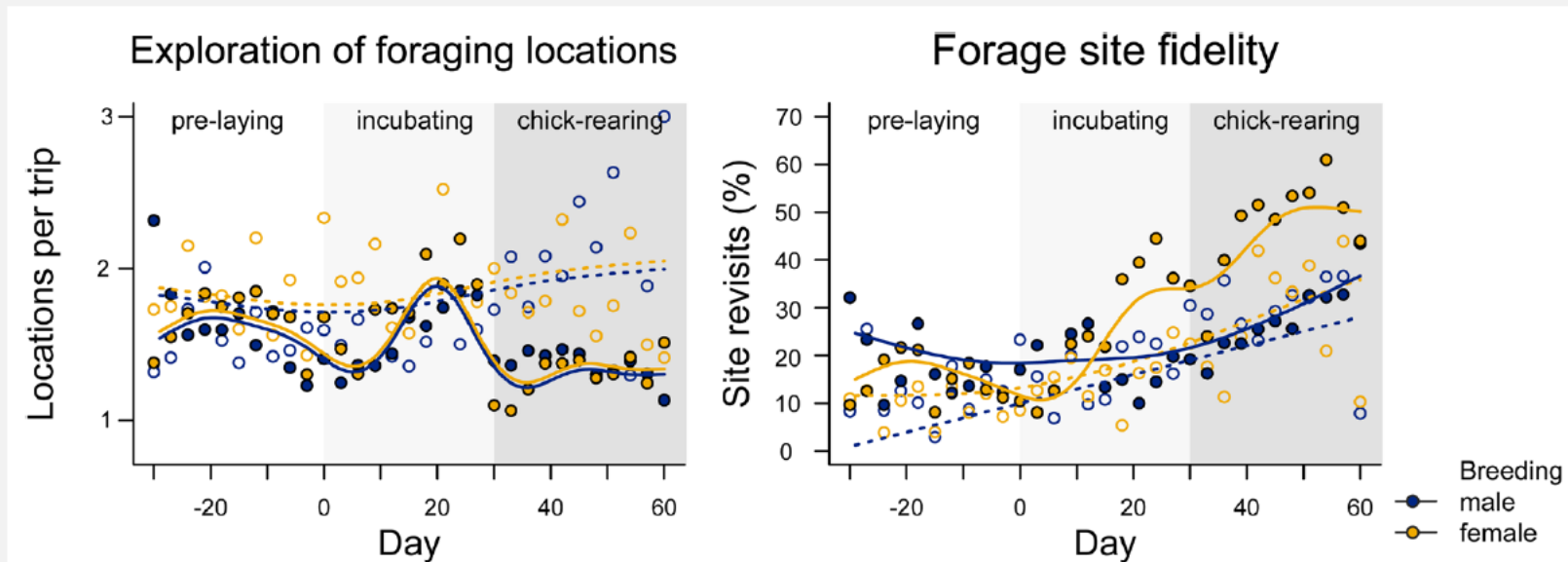
- Migration
- Parental Care

- Optimal foraging
- Ontogeny: nature and nurture



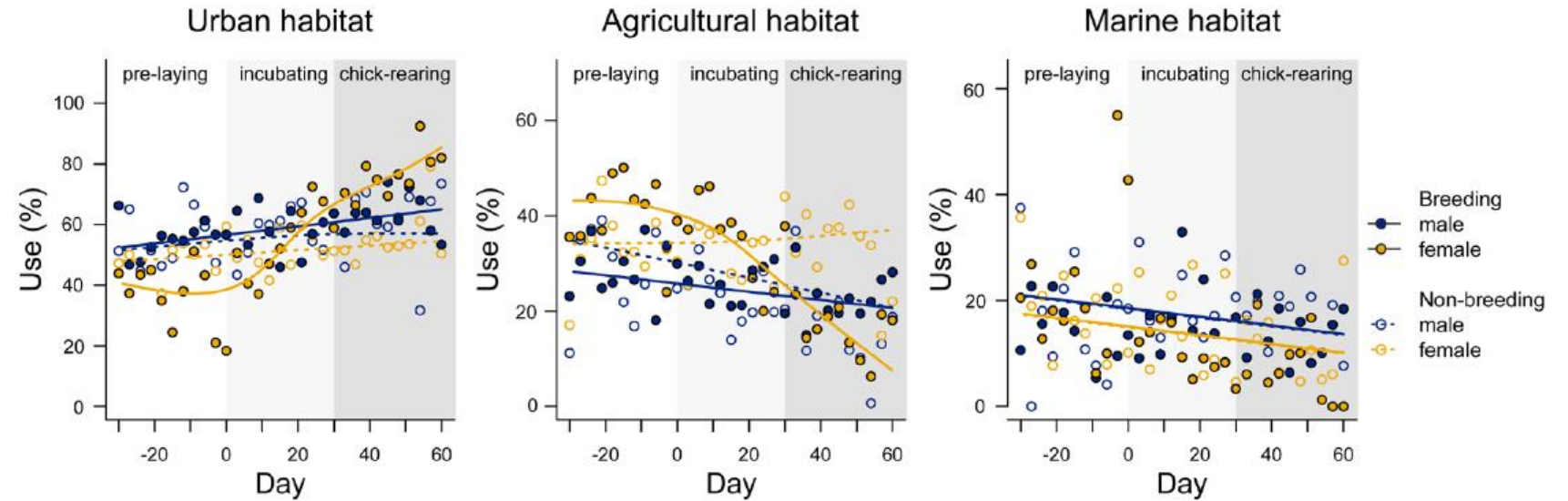


Adaptive significance of foraging specialization





Adaptive significance of foraging specialization



GPS tracking and life history concepts

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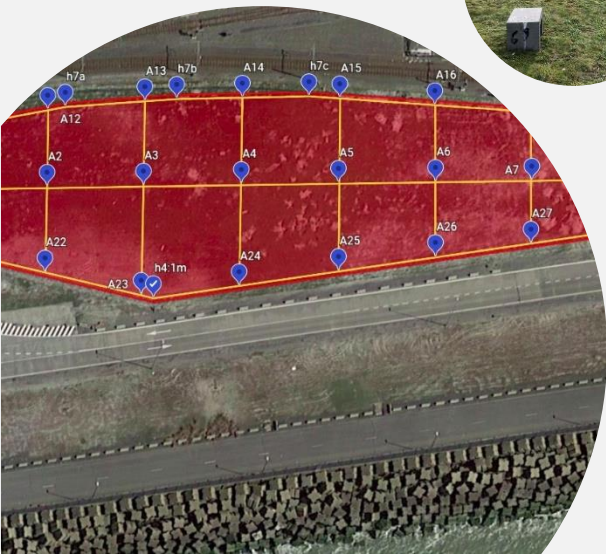
Nature and Nurture

Ontogeny of individual foraging specialization



Nature and Nurture

Ontogeny of individual foraging specialization



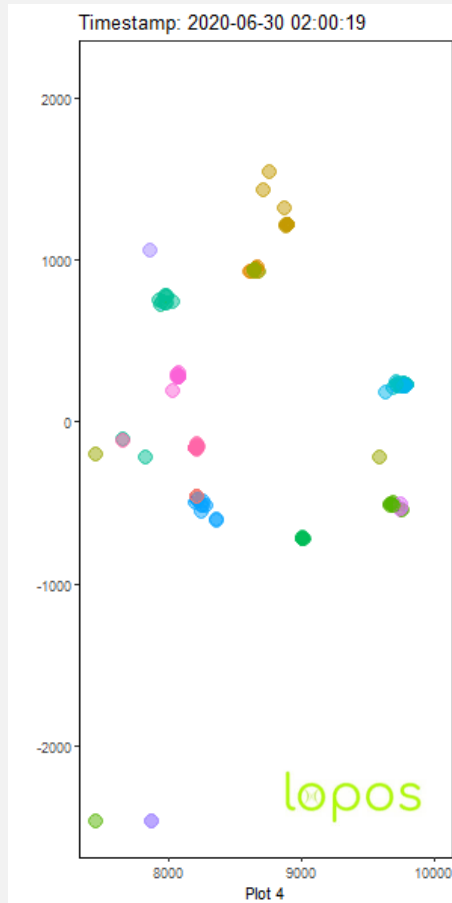
The set-up

- Gull colony divided into compartments where breeding densities can be manipulated
- UWB tracking (LOPOS/IMEC), anchor nodes installed throughout entire colony
- Measurements (and manipulation) of chick growth and development
- Behavioural data (accelerometer, video, and testing)



Nature and Nurture

Ontogeny of individual foraging specialization

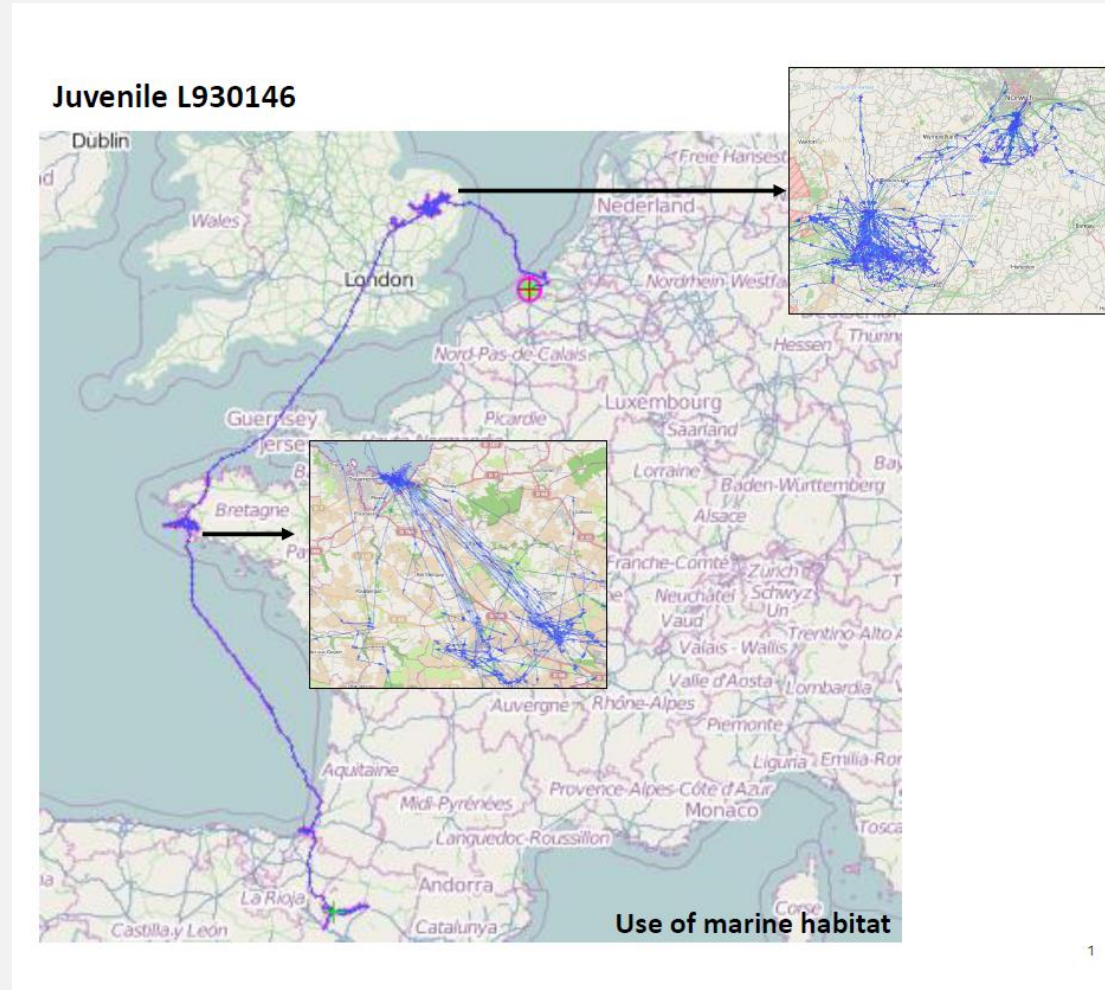


- Social network approaches
- Combination of movement patterns with phenotypic information
- To predict individual foraging specialization



Nature and Nurture

Ontogeny of individual foraging specialization



Applied insights and future prospects

Habitat loss

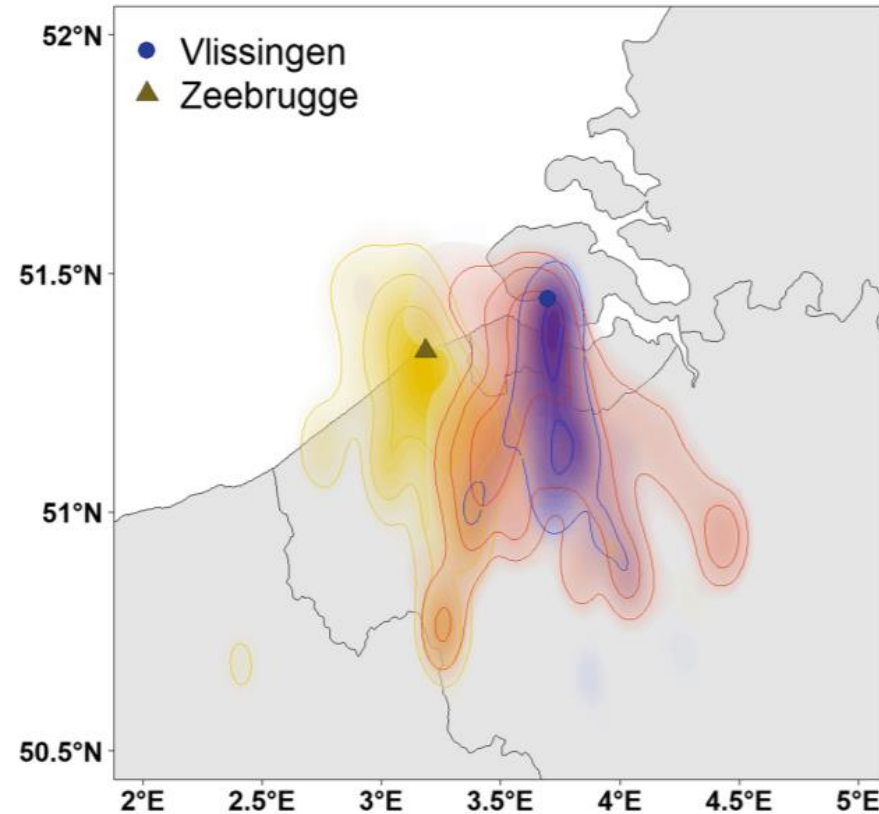


© Foto Vogelbescherming Vlaanderen

Habitat loss can force animals to relocate to new areas, where they would need to adjust to an unfamiliar resource landscape and find new breeding sites.

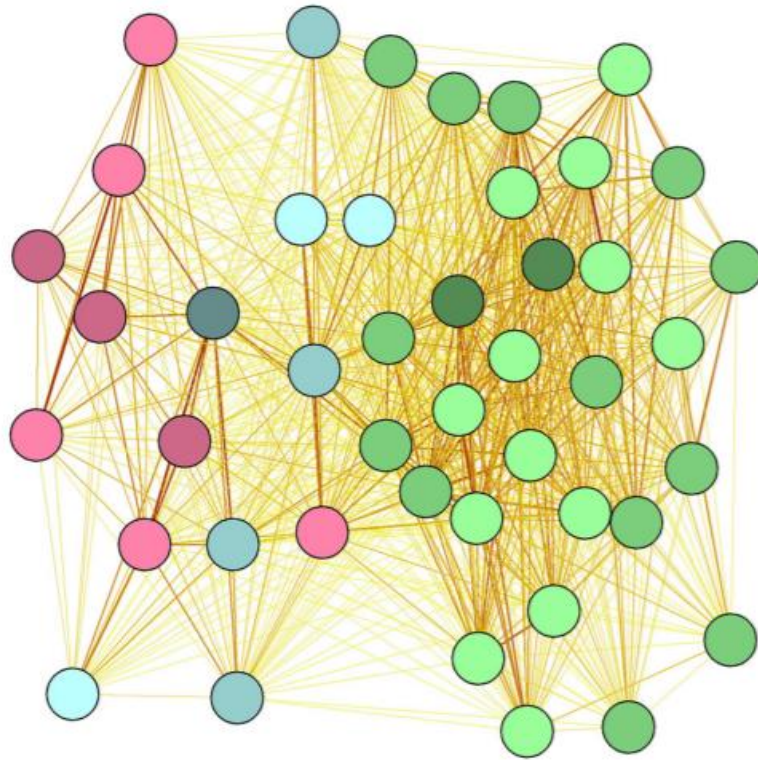
**Meeuwenkolonie legt bouwwerken
in haven stil**

Habitat loss



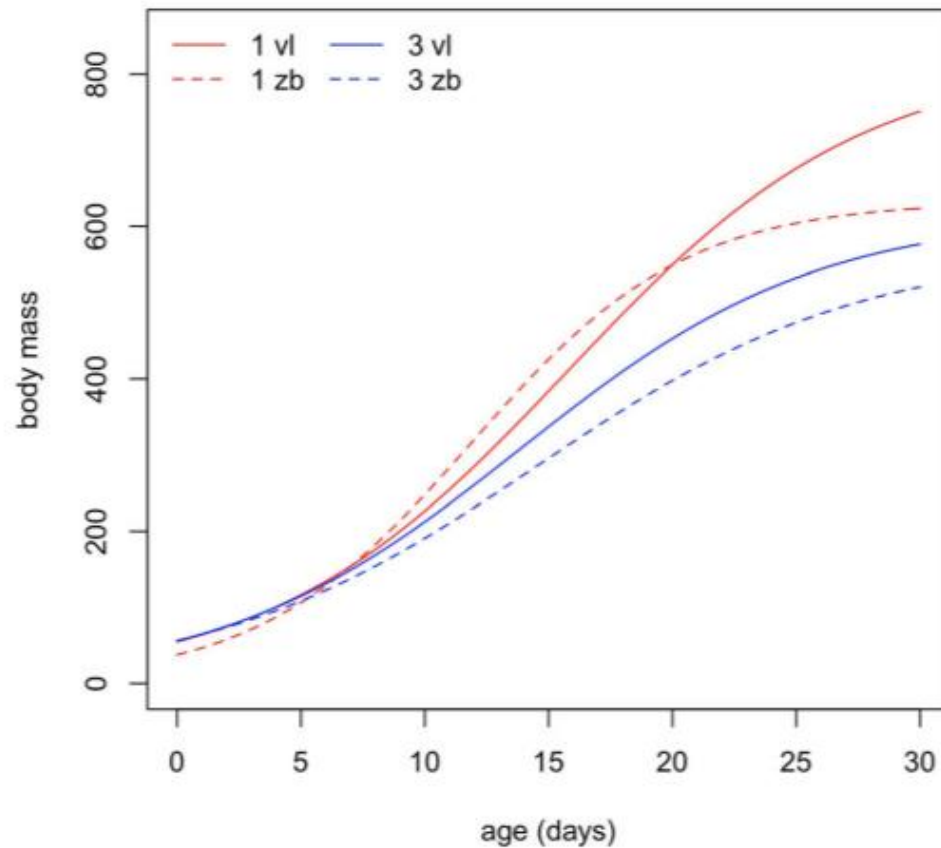
Autocorrelated kernel density distribution with 25%, 50%, 75% and 95% space use isopleths for Vlissingen residents, Zeebrugge residents, and relocated individuals.

Habitat loss



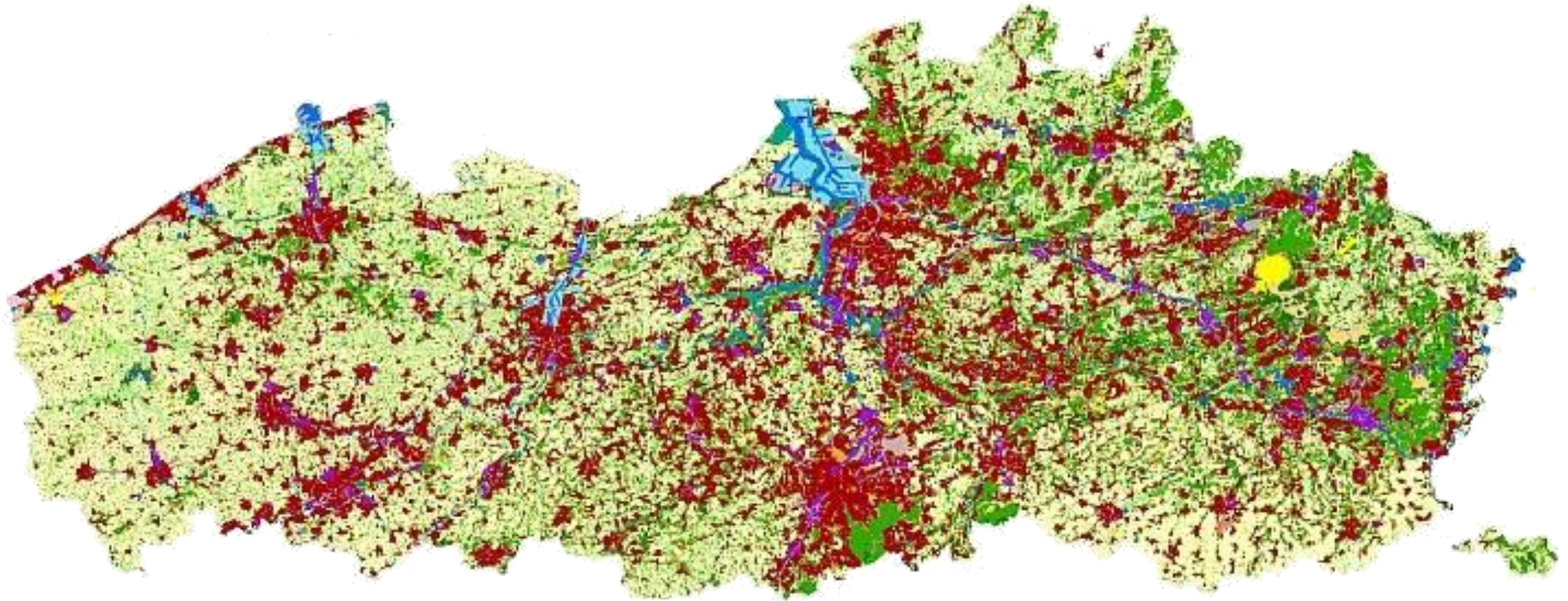
Spatial network diagram based on estimated home range overlap between **relocated birds**, **Vlissingen residents**, and **Zeebrugge residents**,

Habitat loss



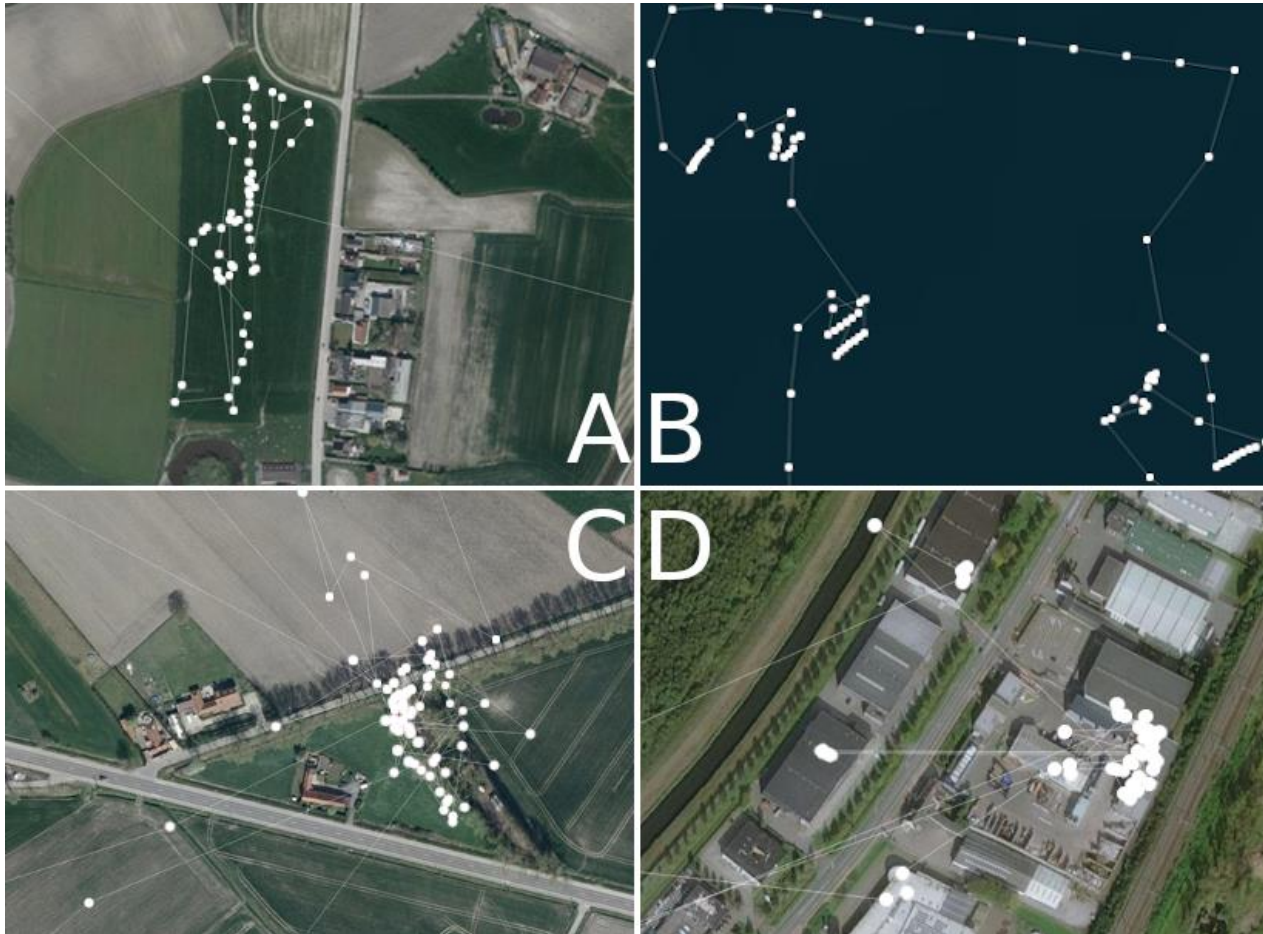
Growth curves based on model estimates for male offspring in nests with **1 chick** and **3 chicks**. Dashed lines represent chicks of pairs with a relocated parent.

Urbanization



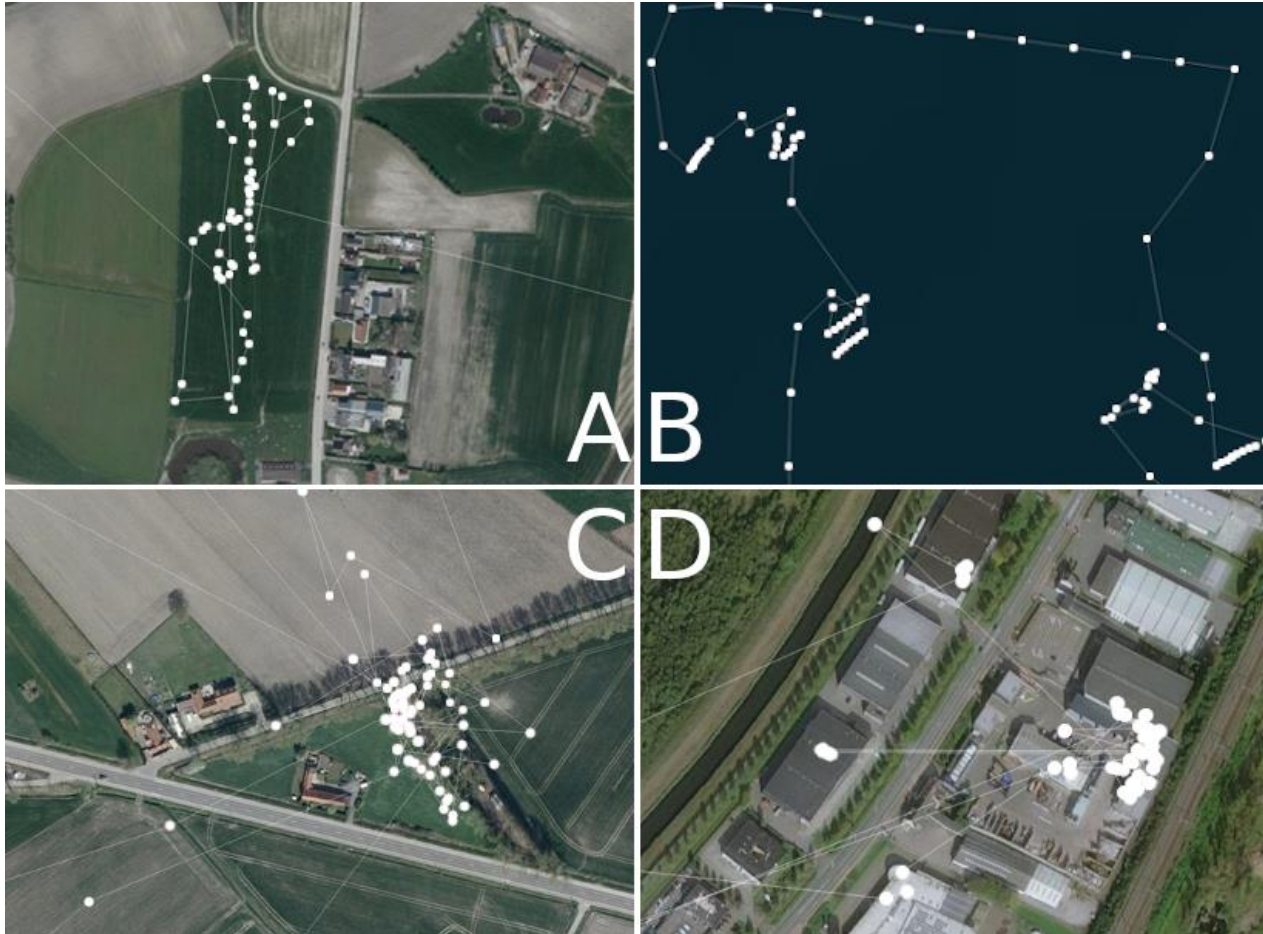
Source: VITO 2020

Urbanization



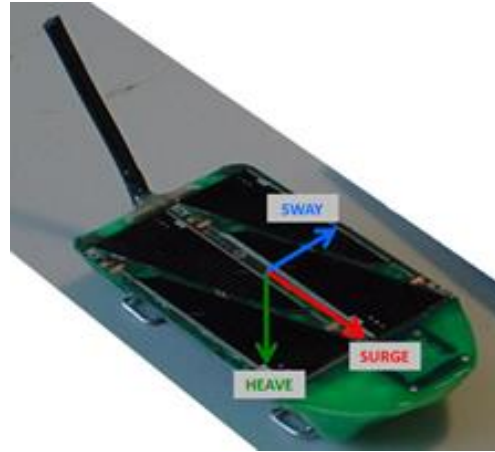
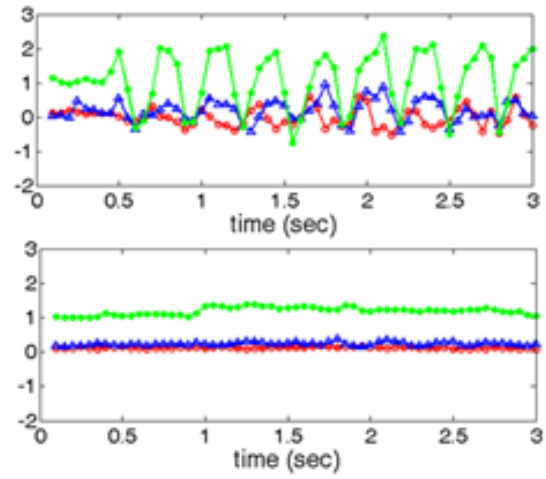
Typical GPS tracks when feeding in fields and pastures (A), at sea (B), near built-up sites (C) and in urbanized areas (D)

Urbanization

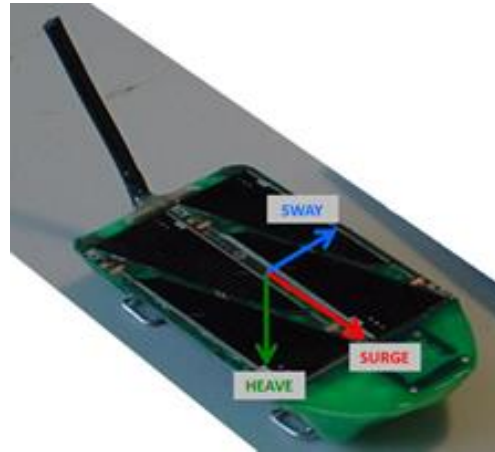
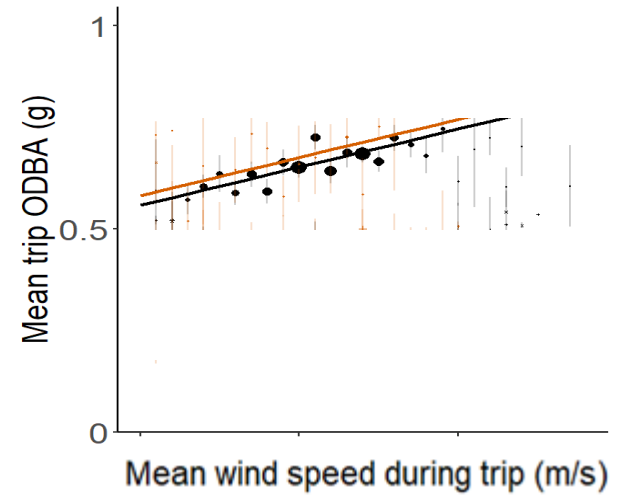


Do climate-related changes in wind speed and soil moisture induce responses in foraging effort and thereby drive the use of urban foraging habitat.

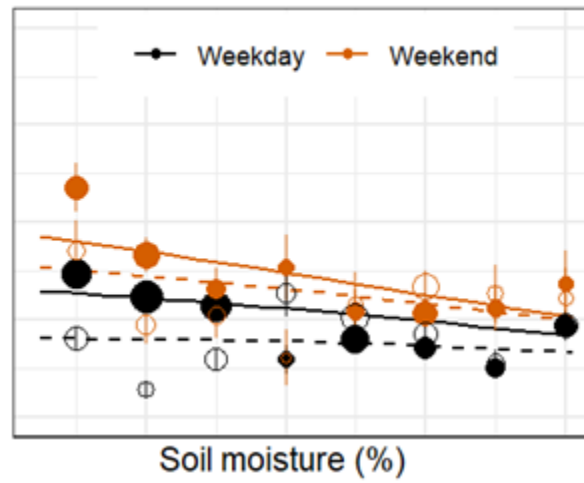
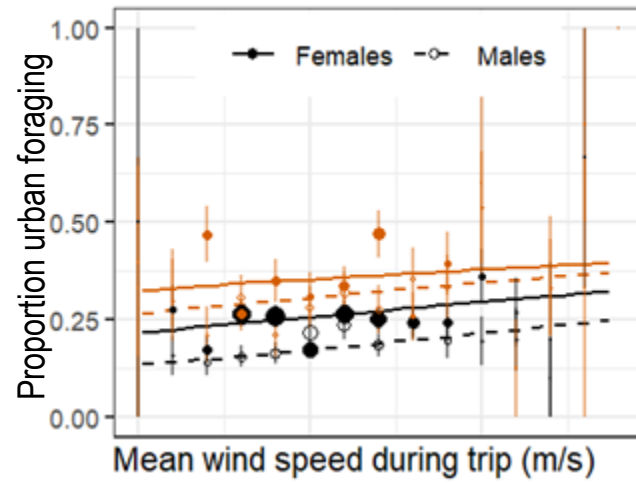
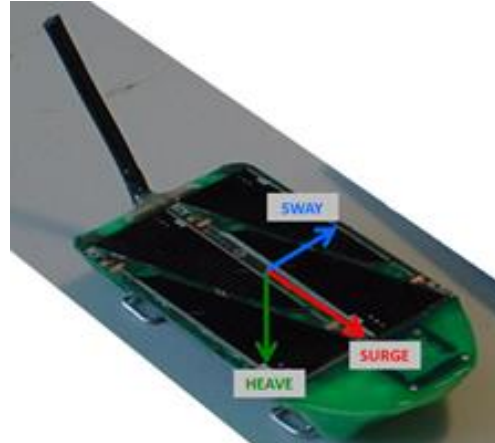
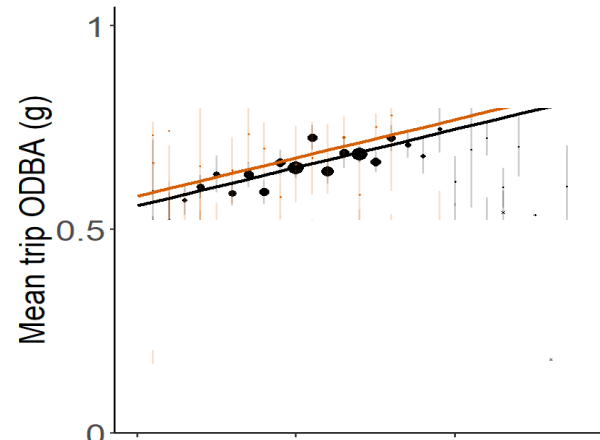
Urbanization



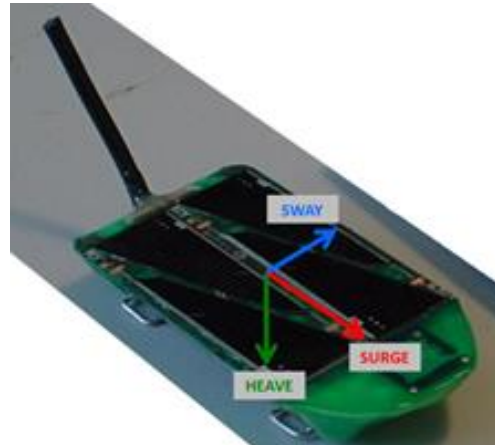
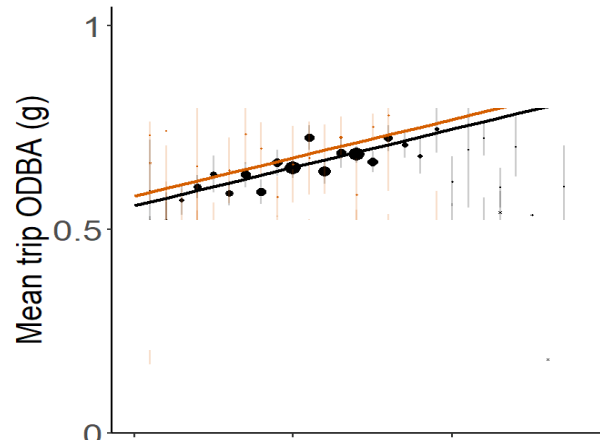
Urbanization



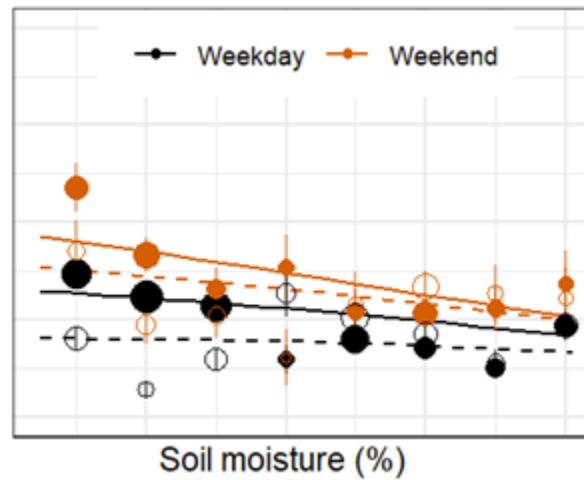
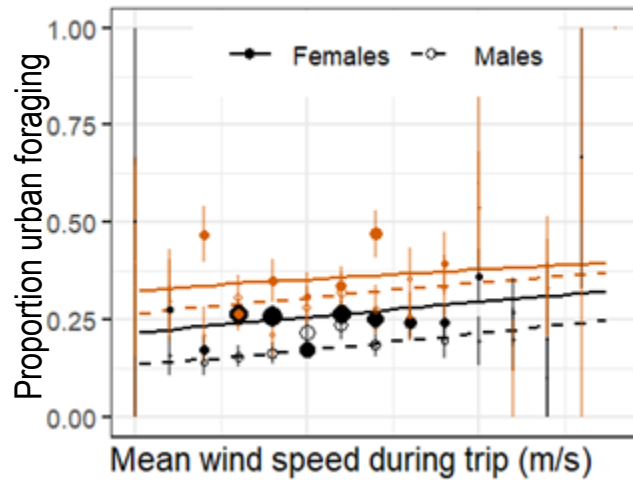
Urbanization



Urbanization

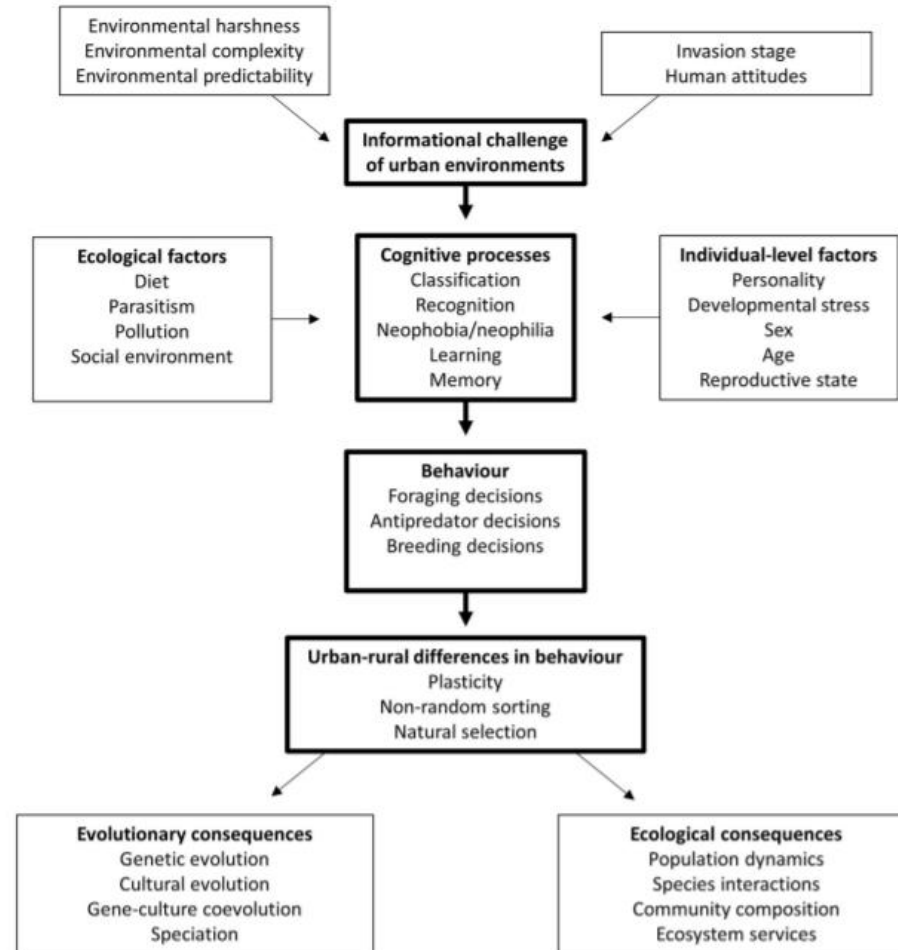


Expected increase in frequency and severity of extreme weather events under global change may result in a long-term increase in the use of urban habitats by opportunistic species.

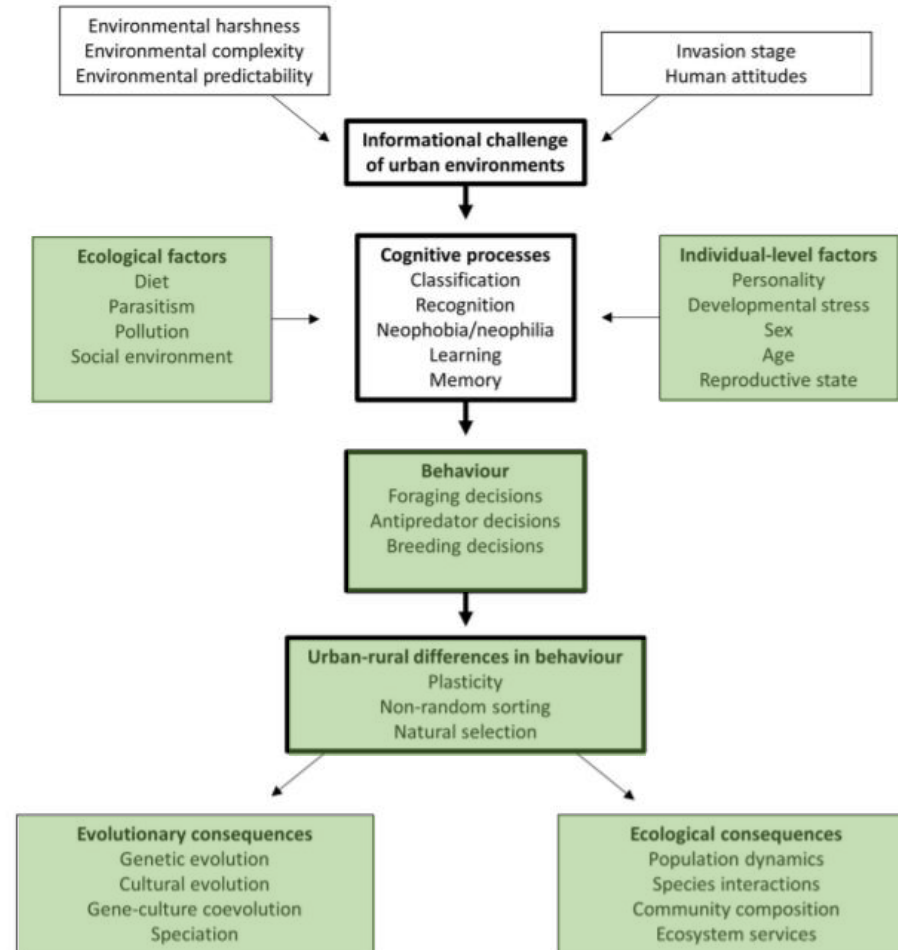


Animal cognition in an urbanized world

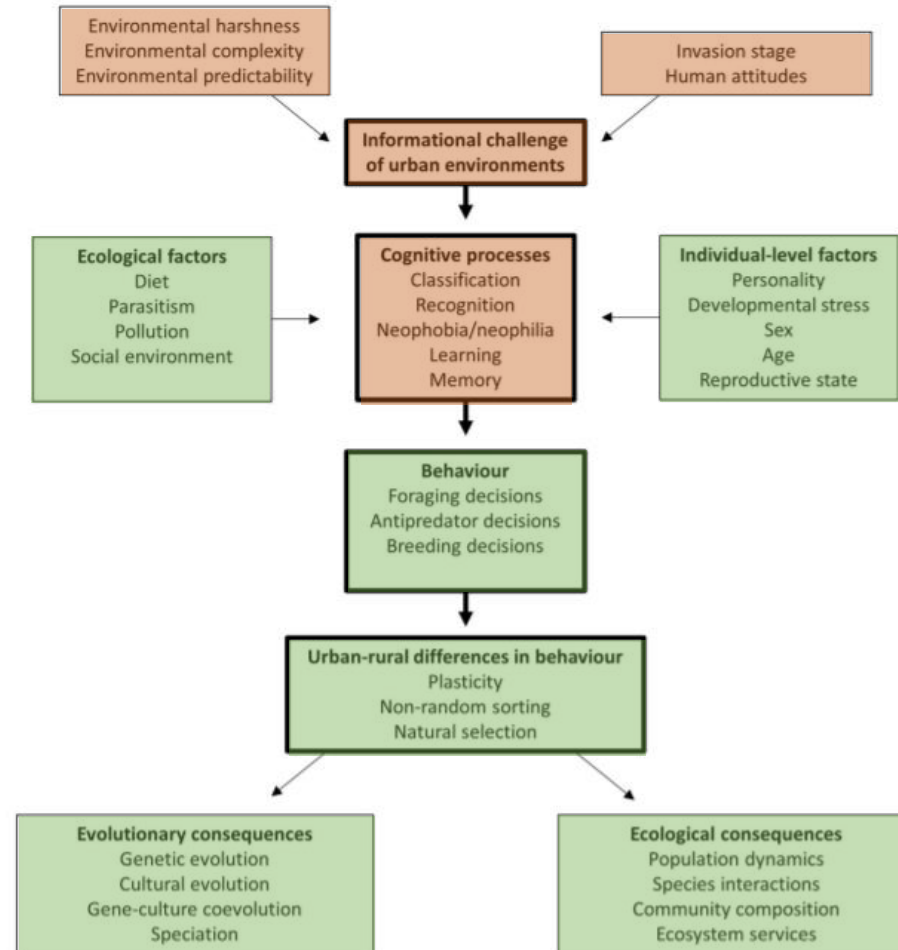
Animal cognition in an urbanized world



Animal cognition in an urbanized world



Animal cognition in an urbanized world



Animal cognition in an urbanized world

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Animal cognition in an urbanized world



Thank you !

